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Venice, June 12.

THe Fleet of this State is at Sea, having on board 13 or 14000 Land men; They have taken their Course for the *Levant*; and we doubt not but they will undertake some great Enterprize. The Prince of *Parma* is to go and command in *Dalmatia*, where this State will have a very good Army, which with the help of the Morlaques will give the Turks work enough. Our last Letters from *Constantinople* gave an account that the Turks were raising two great Armies, the one to be employed against the Poles, and the other in *Hungary*; but withall tell us, that things were in great disorder, and the Janisaries very much dissatisfied.

Milan, June 9. Our Governor the Count *de Melgar*, has assured the Republick of *Genoua* that he will send all the Troops in this Country to their assistance, if they have need of them. His Excellency has given out Commissions to raise 20 Companies of Foot, and is providing a Fond for that Service; and it's said he intends to raise some German Troops.

Dantzicke, June 10. The last Letters we had from *Cracow* told us that the King was arrived on the Frontiers of *Podolia*, where his Troops were to hold their general Rendezvous; That great preparations were made for the Siege of *Caminiec*, but that after all it was believed the King would not enter upon it in the beginning of the Campagne, but that leaving that place blocked up, he would march towards *Moldavia* and *Valachia*, to secure those Provinces; And the same Letters say, that it was believed the Turks, knowing the importance of them, would draw all the Force they could that way. We may certainly expect in a short time to hear of some considerable action on that side; for the King of *Poland* has a great Army, and will not be idle with it. The Moscovites are very backward to enter into the War; their affairs at home not being in a condition for it; however it's hoped the Imperial Ambassador has upon his arrival at *Moscow*, disposed that Court to enter into the League.

Vienna, June 15. The Letters from *Hungary* do assure us, that the Duke of *Lorrain* will advance with the Imperial Army to *Pest* to attack that place, and afterwards *Buda*, unless the advices he receives from the Turkish Territories, make him change his design. The publick account we have hitherto had of the Enemies preparations for this Campagne, hath been such, as to beget a belief here, that they will not be able to bring any great Armies into the Field this Summer, and now lately we were told that the Aga of the Janisaries who was marching towards *Hungary*, had been countermanded, and ordered to turn with the Forces he had with him towards *Valachia* and *Moldavia*, to make head against the Poles; but this news cannot be relied upon. The King of *Poland* is by this time in the Field with an Army of 60000 men, and every body concludes he will attack *Caminiec*, and probably he is already set down before it: It is a place of great importance; and therefore it's thought the Turks will make their greatest Effort on that side, to save it. Count *Teckely* persists in his Rebellion; and there is reason to believe that his late Proposals were not made with any real intention to bring things to an accommodation, but only to gain time: It is reported that 5000 Turks and Tartars have joyned him, and that he threatens to make an Inroad into *Moravia*; to prevent which some Imperial Troops have, it's said, been ordered that way.

Lintz, June 16. On Sunday last arrived here two Expresses from *Hungary*, with Letters from the Duke of *Lorrain*; wherein we are told, he gave the Emperor an account, That he was encamped with the Imperial Army, which consisted of about 30000 men near *Gran*, expecting the Regiments that were on their march from *Moravia* and *Silesia*; And that he had received advice that 80000 Turks were marching towards *Hungary*; and that Count *Teckeley* had received from them an assistance of 3 or 4000 men; that it was said he would fall into *Moravia*, and that some of his Troops were already advanced to *Zurach*. The Prince of *Lubomirski* is on his march with 3000 Poles to joyn the Imperial Army; But we do not hear that the King of *Poland* designs to send any of his Troops for *Hungary*, thinking it more for the advantage of the Common Cause to employ his whole Force in *Podolia*. There are Letters from the Frontiers of *Poland*, which say, that that King was marching with a great Army towards *Moldavia*; and that the Cossacks commanded by their General *Mohila*, were ordered to observe the Tartars. Several Expresses have within these few days been sent from hence to the Courts of *Bavaria*, *Saxony*, *Brandenburg*, &c. as is said, to acquaint those Princes, That the Emperor is willing to accept the Truce as it was at first proposed by *France*.

Lintz, June 16. The Imperial Army was encamped the 12th Instant near *Gran*, where a Bridge is laying over the *Danube*; and the Duke of *Lorrain* had received advice that the Turks were marching with a great Force towards *Hungary*; if it be true, his Highness will not be in a condition with the Forces he has now with him, which it's said are not above 25000 men, to execute his design upon *Pest* and *Buda*; Several Regiments that had their Winter-Quarters in *Silesia* and *Moravia*, had not yet joyned the Army; and the Count *de Caprara* and the Baron *de Mercy*, were abroad with separate Bodies, the first to observe Count *Teckeley*, and the other to block up *Newheusel*. The Recruits for the Imperial Army are continued in all the Hereditary Countries; and Officers will be employed the whole Summer to raise all the men they can; Part of the Regiment of *Becke*, quartered hereabouts, has orders to march for *Hungary*: and we are told that the Elector of *Bavaria* will send a good Body of his Troops thither.

Municken, June 19. The Elector of *Bavaria* is at present at *Starenberg*; but is expected here this day to assist at a Council of War that is appointed